

粉末(金屬)射出成型 PIM/MIM

模具材料失效與對策

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# PIM/MIM 複雜零件/ 模具精密0.05mm以內



PIM /MIM 產品

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Selected Mechanical Properties of PIM Metals and Alloys (HT=heat treated)

Material	Composition, wt. %	Density %	Yield Strength Rp0.2	UTS Mpa	Elongation %	Hardness	模具失效狀態
1020 steel	Fe-0.2C	96	185	380	23	-	刮損磨耗與疲勞
4140	Fe-1Cr-0.4C	97	390	580	15	18 HRC	
4140 (HT)	Fe-1Cr-0.4C	93	1240	1380	2	40 HRC	
4340 steel(HT)	Fe-2Cr-1Ni-1Mn-0.4C	96	480	620	6	20 HRC	
4640 steel (HT)	Fe-2Ni-1Mo-0.4C	97	1400	2000	3	30 HRC	
gold, 18 ct.	75Au-12.5Ag-12.5Cu	75	108	147	1	66 HRB	粘著磨耗與疲勞裂痕
hastelloy	Ni-28Mo-2Fe	97	350	800	40	30 HRC	
inconel 718 (HT)	Ni-19Cr-18Fe-5Nb-3Mo-1Ti-0.4Al	100	1130	1330	14	-	
invar	Fe-36Ni	98	240	425	40	65 HRB	
iron	Fe	96	105	220	35	50 HRF	
iron-copper steel	Fe-2Cu-0.8C	95	-	700	10	92 HRB	
iron-chromium steel	Fe-1Cr-0.5C	94	-	600	10	90 HRB	
iron-molybdenum	Fe-5Mo	98	210	410	34	66 HRB	
iron-nickel	Fe-2Ni	96	190	345	30	55 HRB	
iron-nickel	Fe-8Ni	96	255	440	24	75 HRB	
iron-nickel	Fe-50Ni	96	170	420	20	50 HRB	
iron-nickel steel	Fe-2Ni-0.5C	94	215	450	20	75 HRB	
iron-nickel steel (HT)	Fe-2Ni-0.5C	94	1230	1230	1	45 HRC	
iron-nickel steel	Fe-2Ni-0.9C	96	450	650	9	90 HRB	
iron-nickel steel (HT)	Fe-7Ni-0.5C	95	1420	1460	1	46 HRC	

PIM/MIM合金粉末特性分類

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Material	Composition,wt.%	Density %	Yield Strength Rp0.2	UTS Mpa	Elonga- tion%	Hardness	模具失效 狀態
iron-phosphorus	Fe-0.6P	99	260	280	2	80 HRB	磨耗磨耗
iron-silicon	Fe-3Si	99	345	520	25	85 HRB	
iron-silicon	Fe-6.5Si	99	-	375	0	37 HRC	
kovar or F15	Fe-29Ni-17Co	98	350	520	42	60 HRB	粘著磨耗 潤磨氧化 反應
nickel-iron	Ni-20Fe	91	-	470	31	53 HRB	
niobium superalloy	Nb-10W-10Ta	98	315	440	25	20 HRC	
stainless 17-4 PH	Fe-16Cr-4Ni-4Cu	96	750	900	10	25 HRC	
stainless 17-4 PH (HT)	Fe-16Cr-4Ni-4Cu	96	965	1140	12	35 HRC	
stainless 304L	Fe-18Cr-8Ni	97	240	480	35	85 HRB	
stainless 316L	Fe-17Cr-12Ni-2Mo-2Mn	96	220	510	45	75 HRB	
stainless 316L duplex	Fe-21Cr-9Ni-3Mo-2Mn	95	230	540	43	80 HRB	
stainless 410L (HT)	Fe-11Cr-0.5C	95	410	650	5	20 HRC	
stainless 420 (HT)	Fe-13Cr-1Mn-1Si	92	690	1440	6	47 HRC	
stainless 430	Fe-17Cr-1Mn-1Si-1Ni	93	230	390	25	68 HRB	
stainless 440C (HT)	Fe-17Cr-1Ni-1C	96	410	620	2	43 HRC	

PIM/MIM合金粉末特性分類

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Selected Mechanical Properties of PIM Metals and Alloys (HT=heat treated)

Material	Composition,wt.%	Density %	Yield Strength Rp0.2	UTS Mpa	Elonga- tion%	Hardness	模具失效 狀態
stellite	Co-28Cr-4W-3Ni-1C	99	-	1020	3	40 HRC	粘著磨損
super invar	Fe-32Ni-5Co	96	285	440	40	65 HRB	
titanium	Ti	95	1100	1300	16	-	
Ti-6-4	Ti-6Al-4V	98	800	880	12	35 HRC	
tool steel	Fe-6W-5Mo-4Cr-2V-1C	99	-	2000	0	66 HRC	磨粒磨耗
tungsten heavy alloy	W-8Mo-8Ni-2Fe	100	-	1115	20	-	
tungsten heavy alloy	W-5Ni-2Cu	98	900	1050	10	35 HRC	
tungsten heavy alloy	W-4Ni-1Fe	99	650	1000	20	50 HRA	
tungsten heavy alloy	W-5Ni-2Fe	100	660	930	30	25 HRC	
udimt 700	Ni-18Co-15Cr-5Mo-4Al-3Ti	100	910	1340	14	-	粘著磨耗

## PIM/MIM 模具鋼機械特性

**Wear resistance**

耐磨性

**Toughness**

韌性

**Compressive strength**

抗壓強度

**Retention of hardness**

硬度維持能力

PIM/MIM 模具失效分析與對策

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# 模具典型失效狀態

A

## Abrasive Wear

Erosion of the Matrix

B

## Adhesive Wear

Local Friction Bonding,  
Material Transfer

C

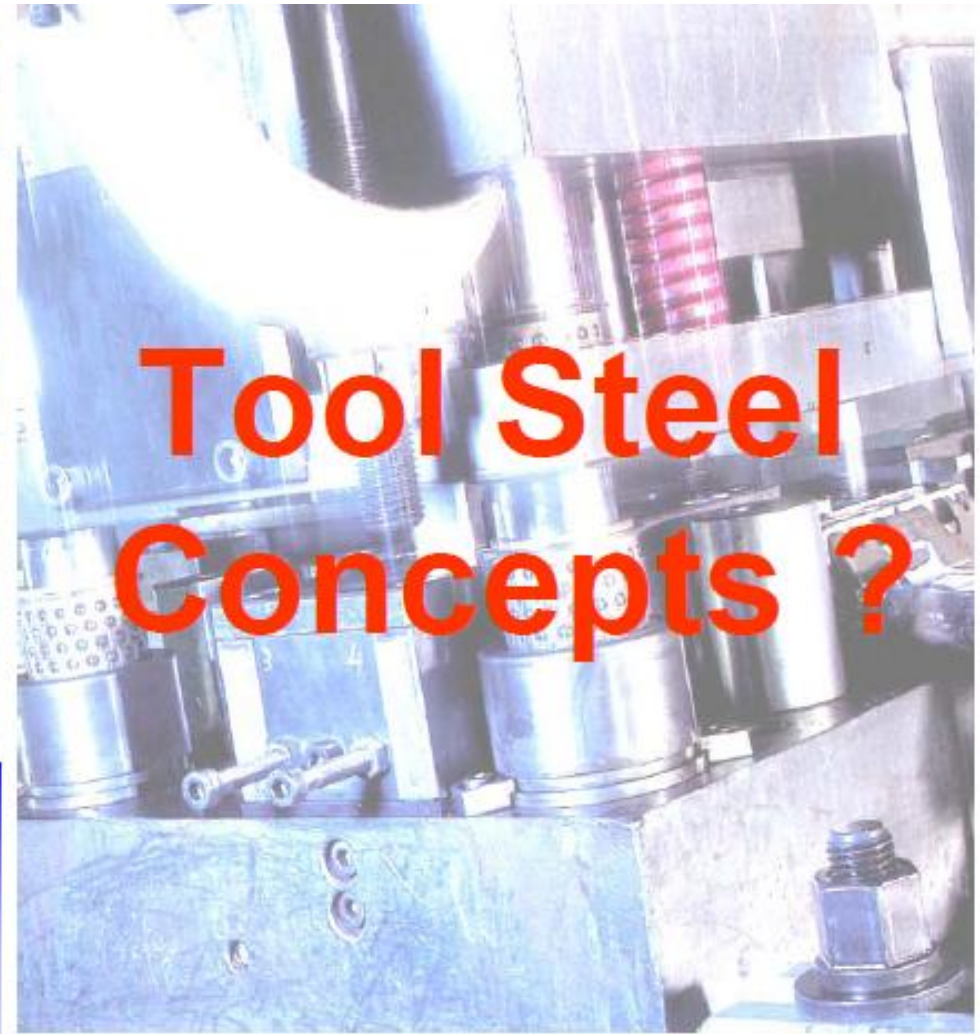
## Fatigue

Surface Delamination,  
Plastic Deformation → Fatigue  
Crack Propagation

D

## Tribooxidation

Chemical Reaction  
Tool - Workpiece  
Lubricant / Coolant



PIM/MIM 模具失效分析與對策

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## Abrasive Wear

Erosion of the Matrix

刮損磨耗：  
基地熔損，熔蝕現象

對策：  
強化基地硬度與  
碳化物硬度

## Tribooxidation

Chemical Reaction  
Tool - Workpiece  
Lubricant / Coolant

Increased Matrix Strength  
Hard Particles (Carbides)



基地熔蝕  
Erosion of the Matrix

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Abrasive Wear

粘著磨耗 Matrix

Adhesive Wear

Local Friction Bonding,  
Material Transfer

局部磨擦冷焊現象

對策：  
Delamination,  
Deformation → Fatigue

(1) 強化鋼材基地硬度

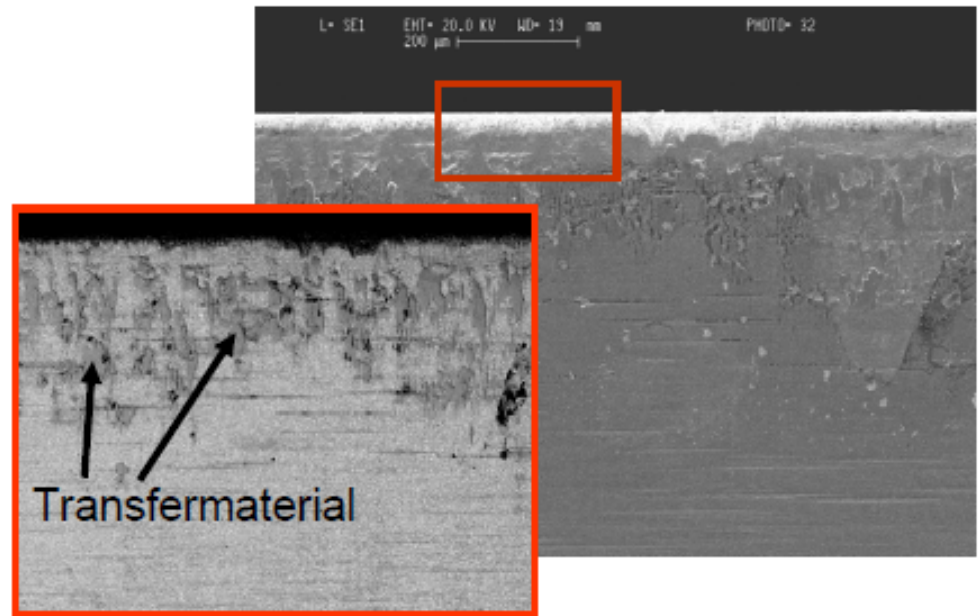
(2) 減少碳化物間之空隙

Tribooxidation

碳化物含量與碳化物的細  
微化且均勻分佈於基地。

Lubricant / Coolant

Increased Matrix Strength  
Minimized Carbide Spacing  
(Fine Carbides, Uniform Distribution,  
High Carbide Content)



PIM/MIM模具失效分析與對策

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## Abrasive Wear

疲勞破裂：

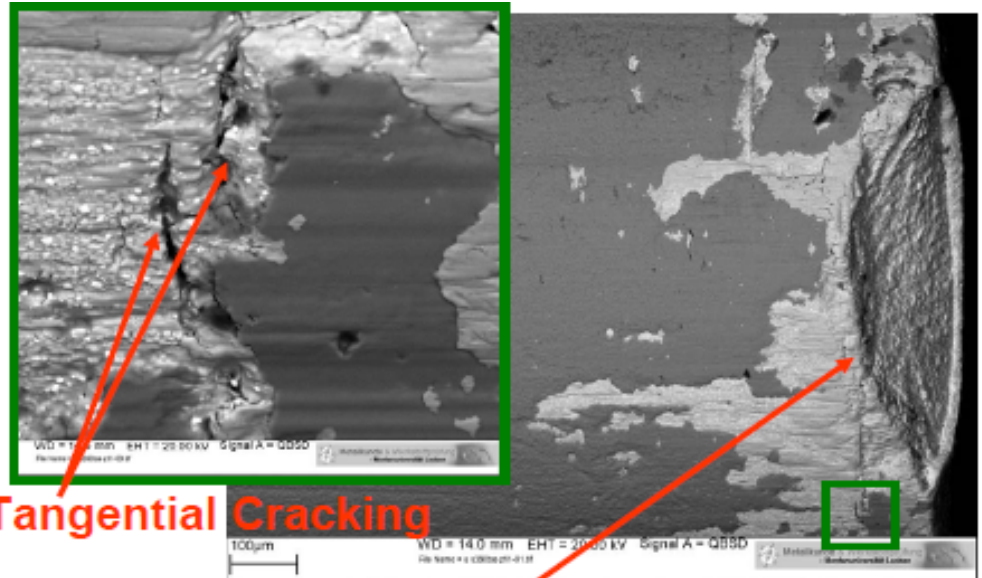
模具接觸面鈍化導致塑性變形，因此疲勞裂痕展開

## Fatigue

Surface Delamination,  
Plastic Deformation → Fatigue  
Crack Propagation

對策：

- (1) 提高降服強度與延展性
- (2) 碳化物細微化與均勻分佈
- (3) 低雜質(非金屬介在物)



Tangential Cracking

Split Cutting Edge due to  
Cyclic Plastic Deformation (Fatigue)

High Yield Strength & Ductility  
Fine and Uniform Structure  
Cleanliness (Minimized Internal  
Defect Size → Carbides, NMI)

# PIM/MIM 模仁鋼材料合金選擇

	C	Cr	W	Mo	V	Co
Carbides (Wear resistance)	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	
Red Hardness	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑
Compressive Strength	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑	↑
Toughness	↓					

## PIM/MIM 模仁材料合金選擇

DIN	AISI	C	W	Mo	V	Co
HS 2-9-2	M7	1	2	9	2	
HS 1-4-2	M52	0,9	1	4	2	
HS 2-9-1-8	M42	1	2	10	1	8
HS 6-5-2 C	~M2	0,9	6	5	2	
HS 6-5-3	M3 / C. II	1,2	6	5	3	
HS 6-5-2-5	~M35	0,9	6	5	2	5

# MIM 精密模具鋼材選用對策

- 模腔/型芯/流道 = 耐磨合金 HRC:60以上
- 關閉角配件/滑塊 = 耐磨合金HRC:60/鍍層
- 模座 = 高硬度 HRC:38 or HRC:50
- 應力分佈- 加工精度/抗彎強度

# 模仁(型腔)與模座抗壓強度之比較

高強度，尺寸精度維持時間長

模具組件	模具材料	硬度(HRC)	抗壓強度	材料特性
型腔材料	SKD-11 HSS PM HSS	60-62 60-64 60-67	2800~3800 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	高尺寸穩定性 高耐粘著磨耗性
模框	H13	52-54	2000-2400 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	高尺寸穩定性
模座	H13 1.2714	50-52 38-42	1400-1800 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	高韌性 高疲勞強度

# 模仁(型腔)與模座抗壓強度之比較

模座易變形導致模仁破裂，精度不佳

模具組件	模具鋼材料	硬度(HRC)	抗壓強度	材料特性
型腔材料	SKD-11 HSS PM HSS	60-62 60-64 60-67	2800~3000 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	高耐磨性 高硬度
模框	P-20 1.2311	30-33	800~1000 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	易切削 低強度
模座	1050 1055	18-20	600~800 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	易切削 易變形

# 模具表面鍍層對磨擦係數的影響

M. I. M粉末種類	磨耗機構	建議鍍層
含Ni, Ti, Al, Cu, Cr不銹鋼系, 鈦合金	粘著磨耗	DLC, (WC/C), CrN
含Fe, Co, 工具鋼粉, 高速鋼粉	磨粒磨耗 刮損磨耗	TiC, TiCN, SiAlON, TiAlN



## 結論

M.I.M粉末成型模具材料之選用必需滿足以下工藝要求:

1. 含釩(V)，高鉻(Cr)之工具鋼以對抗不銹鋼之粘著磨耗，硬度HRC:60~62

EX: SKD-11/HSS/PM HSS

2. 含Co,W,Mo之工具鋼對抗刮損磨耗，硬度HRC:62-66

EX: HSS/PM HSS

3. 選擇高強度之模座材料以提高模具結構強度

EX:1.2344,1.2714

4. 嚴謹的熱處理工藝流程以確保工具鋼相變態之完整性，以提高尺寸穩定性與抗時效變寸。

Thank you